



UNITED NATIONS DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME (UNDP)

IN

COLLABORATION WITH

CIVIL SOCIETY FOR POVERTY REDUCTION (CSPR)

**CIVIL SOCIETY SENSITIZATION WORKSHOP ON MILLENIUM
DEVELOPMENT GOALS (MDGS)**

MANSA HOTEL, MANSA, ZAMBIA

9TH NOVEMBER 2004

WORKSHOP REPORT

CIVIL SOCIETY FOR POVERTY REDUCTION (CSPR) AND UNITED NATIONS
DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME (UNDP)

**WORKSHOP REPORT ON THE MILLENNIUM DEVELOPMENT GOALS,
HELD ON 09TH NOVEMBER 2004 AT MANSA HOTEL, MANSA, ZAMBIA.**

INTRODUCTION

The MDGs are the outcomes of various UN International Conferences, culminating in the Millennium Summit of September 2000. In the Millennium Declaration, the international community set itself a number of time bound and measurable key development goals for combating poverty, hunger, disease, illiteracy, environmental degradation and discrimination against women, all to be achieved by 2015. The eight Goals, targets and indicators, have been agreed upon by 190 countries and international organisations as the World Bank, the International Monetary Fund (IMF) and the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), placing the Millennium Development Goals at the heart of the development agenda.

To monitor and sensitise the public on progress towards achievement of the MDGs in Zambia, the UNDP in collaboration with Government has been focusing on raising awareness of the MDGs among government, civil society, parliamentarians, the private sector, academia and other development partners. It was in this regard that the Civil Society for Poverty Reduction (CSPR), as facilitator, in collaboration with the Ministry of Finance and National Planning and UNDP organised the workshop.

WORKSHOP ORGANISATION

The civil society sensitisation workshop on Millennium Development Goals targeted 109 participants drawn from the surrounding areas of Mansa District. Participants were drawn from Community Based organization (CBOs), Non-governmental organization (NGOs), youth Organization, Farmers Clubs, Church Organization, traditional leaders etc. **Refer to Appendix C**

WORKSHOP OBJECTIVES

The overall workshop objective was to sensitise and broaden the knowledge and understanding among civil society on the MDGs and the role that civil society can play in attaining them.

WORKSHOP PRESENTERS

Civil Society for Poverty Reduction (CSPR) organised the sensitisation workshop on the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs) and the role of civil society, which was held on 9th November 2004 at Mansa Hotel Mansa. The workshop was organised in partnership with the Ministry of Finance and National Planning (MoFNP) and the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP). The workshop moderator was Mr. Makwaya , District Administrative Officer for Mansa. Other resource persons were: -

- ❖ Dr. Francis Chigunta UNZA- University of Zambia; Development Studies Department
- ❖ Dr Miriam Chipimo – Central Board of Health
- ❖ Ms. Elda Chirwa - National Economist UN systems
- ❖ Mr. Gijs Koop - Economist UN systems
- ❖ Mr. Gregory Chikwanka – Assistant Coordinator, CSPR

WORKSHOP PRESENTATIONS

1.0 Start of workshop

The facilitator, Mr. Mr. Makwaya welcomed the participants, the team from UNDP and CSPR in Lusaka and the Permanent Secretary (PS), Mr. Mulando. He thanked the PS for taking time off his busy schedule to officially open the workshop. He then called upon Mr. Gijs Koop, United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) Economist, to give welcome and introductory remarks.

2.0 Gregory Chikwanka CSPR Assistant Coordinator

Mr. Chikwanka was asked to introduce the team that travelled from Lusaka to facilitate the workshop. He introduced Ms. Elda Chirwa and Mr. Gijs Koop from UNDP, Dr. Francis Chigunta from the University of Zambia and Dr. Miriam Chipimo from Ministry of Health/Central Board of Health as resource persons. He also introduced Mr. Emmanuel Mali from CSPR secretariat and the two drivers, Mr. Ziwa and Mr. Kennedy Simukonda. After introducing the team, he wished participants a fruitful day and hoped that the meeting would be interactive.

3.0 Welcome and introductory remarks – Mr. Gijs Koop, thanked the people of Mansa for attending the workshop and that he was happy to be in Mansa. He went on to say that this sensitisation workshop was important because MDG have been signed to by the Zambian government and that the government had a duty to meet its obligations. Civil society had a special role in attaining MDG goals by 2015 by playing a watchdog role hence that workshop.

4.0 Official opening remarks. Mr Mulando Permanent Secretary (See annex 2)

**5.0 Role of Civil societies in the Millenniums Development Goals – Elda Chirwa
National Economist UN Systems (see annex 3)**

6.0 How realistic are the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs) for Zambia: Challenges being faced in meeting them and the way forward, Dr. Francis Chigunta, University of Zambia (see annex 4)

**7.0 Dr. Miriam Chipimo- Central Board of Health/MoH
MDG Goal 5: Maternal Health**

PLENARY (QUESTION AND ANSWER SECTION)

During the plenary, participants raised a number of issues to which presenters responded. Below is an outline of the deliberations during the plenary session.

Questions directed to Ms. Elda Chirwa - Role of Civil society in the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs)

Question: Mr. Mwelwa Bernard from Radio Yengeni asked if UN had put in place a deliberate move to finance CBOs and NGOs to participate and take part in the implementation and monitoring of the MDGs, the reason for the question was that some NGOs and CBOs did not have financial resources to take part and contribute in this process.

Question: Mr. George Kaumba from SWAAZ wanted to know why Zambia might not achieve some of the goals like MDG1 outlined in Ms. Chirwa's presentation by 2015.

Answers session

Response: UNDP has a financing policy and yes it supports CSOs but through the Ministry of Finance and National Planning. She added that UN expects the Ministry to work closely with the CSOs.

She then asked Mr Chikwanka to add one or two things since he was coming from an institution, which has had worked with the UNDP. Mr. Chikwanka informed participants that there are funds at MOFNP for sensitisation work and that the workshop has been funded from the same resources. He further said that there exists that the possibility that UN can support such programmes in future if approached for financial and logistical support.

Zambia may not achieve some goals especially goal one on halving poverty by 2015 because of the various socio-economic factors. Currently the economy is grow at only less than 5 percent and for Zambia to reach and attain MDG 1 it need to grow over 7 and 8 percent.

Questions directed to Dr. Francis Chigunta - How realistic are the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs) for Zambia: Challenges being faced in meeting them and the way forward

Question: Mr. Mathew Kolandi, PPAZ. After listening to Dr Chigunta, one is forced to ask if there is hope for a good future for Zambians. Will this poverty ever end in Zambia?

Question: Mr. Chinunga Chewe, PPAZ. Given the situation and the state of affairs in the country as brought out adequately by the presenter, what is the UNDP doing to address these problems and factors so that we are on course to attain these goals?

Question: Rev C. Lungu, UCZ wanted to find out if the Ministry of Finance was doing its works or it was just a shadow of itself?

Answers session

Response: According to Dr. Chinguta, Zambia has a future if we attain those 8 goals. If there is no sustained GDP growth in the economy, and no political will, we are likely to have a worse future than the past. We need to reflect as a country and look to the future. There is also need to enhance our effort and increase production and exports. We also need to put in place measures for the economy to grow by 8 to 10 percent. Then our future will be bright.

Response: The Ministry is working but the budget envelope is very small hence no significant change is noticed year after year. Zambia has a budget, which is as big as that of a University in Europe, and our Budget is 40 percent donor funded. Hence we have no absolute control over it. The issue we need to address is how to increase the Budget; the answer is we need to promote economic growth.

Response: The Civil society should work hard also, there is need for us to get involved in the share of the small cake, and the budget process should be opened up to include all stakeholders.

QUESTIONS DIRECTED TO DR. MIRRIAM CHIPIMO, MINISTRY OF HEALTH - PRESENTATION ON MDG 5 IMPROVE MATERNAL HEALTH

Comment: It was saddening to learn that most work in line with maternal health is targeted at women and the men are left out. I personally feel that men should be targeted more than women, they need to be sensitised also because most of the failures shown in the presentation are due to the failure by the system to educate men in such issues.

Question: What is the possibility that women who are pregnant will shun the hospitals due to the forced HIV/AIDS testing?

Question: With bad statistics for Luapula province shown, there is a deliberate programme to train health cares and birth attendants.

Question: Annie Magayane from SWAAZ wanted to find out if the Ministry or CBOH had a plan to reduce maternal problems and Child health in Luapula Province.

Answers session

Response: According to Dr. Chipimo, VCT is very important, since people can know their status and could adopt measures to live positively or to protect unborn children. Mothers can save their children and there families.

However, the problem is that men do not want to know their status especially from their wives.

Response: The way forward is to increase the number of trained doctors and to prevent them from leaving the country because traditional doctors have a limit. They can only help up to a certain limit, which is very dangerous in medical practice. We need midwife training in all provincial hospitals.

Response; There is a road map to sensitise people on the problem of maternal health and child help. Next year there would be resources set aside for those programmes. We aim to target both men and women in all areas of Luapula province.

General Questions

- ❖ Is there a channel of addressing issues of corruption without complaining to the same corrupt leaders?
- ❖ Mr. S. Chimika wanted to know if the United Nations had a programme for the Zambian youth.
- ❖ Mr C Chewe wanted to know how best life skills can be intergrated into primary and secondary education to prepare the youth for future roles.
- ❖ He also wanted to know how money released for HIV/AIDS, orphans, widows and street kids are protected from unscrupulous NGOs?
- ❖ He also wanted to know why money meant for venerable people in society is sent in workshop and does not benefit the intended target?
- ❖ He also wanted to know if a policy can be created for people who look after widows, orphans and street kids?
- ❖ Why are we in Luapula province five years late since the MDGs where launched. Why now?

Response

Dr Chiungta said even if people had abundant land they were still starving. The reason why they are starving is because the plans are poor; there is no incentive to promote investment both local and foreign. People have no access to credit facilities hence they cannot increase their output.

Zambia is a youthful nation, the only sad thing is that 40 years after independence our education system has failed to integrate life skills in the curriculum. Do we ever wonder as a nation as to what happens to the 200,000 youths who dropout at grade 7 and grade 9? What are we doing to make the youth productive? Formal employment is declining in the economy but the system is not training youths to be self-employed.

On corruption, we have to use an approach, which will be more transparent. We also need to use social audit, where the press, CSO and GRZ are invited and the culprits are exposed. Dr. Chigunta referred to India, which has succeeded in using this method.

On being late to take MDGs to Luapula Province, Dr Chipimo said that may be we are not late, maybe this is when the issues have been strategized and institutionalised. Maybe it is time to look forward.

The ministry of Health has a youth task group, which seeks to develop and adopt a multi-sector response to youth problems at different levels. It looks at drug issues, early pregnancy, teen sex, etc.

On utilization of AIDS funds, Dr. Chipimo mentioned that the global funds for TB, HIV/AIDS and malaria are released upon submitting a proposal and the USA monitors that monies are spent on what was agreed upon in the proposals. It is

difficult to abuse these funds because the Monitoring and Evaluation methods are strong.

Workshops are very important to train health providers, to share best practises, without workshop the cost of providing would be very high.

Mr. Koop explained that work on MDGs was launched in 2001. So far sensitisation workshops have been held in Lusaka where key stakeholders were called to a meeting, another meeting was held on the Copperbelt and the other one was in the southern province.

It is worthy mentioning that UNDP focuses on up- stream rather down stream because we focus on policies, we aim to influence the formulation of sound socio- economic policies. Workshops are very important in training and discussing views.

Question; Mr chishimba from CCJP claimed that Zambians are very hard working, hence the reason they are preferred outside the country. The problem we have as a country is that leaders have wrong priorities for the nation.

Why are the statistics very bad for Luapula province when the province is not very different from other provinces?

Why is it that Luapula province has very few development agencies as compared to other provinces?

What measures is UN putting in place to challenge the people in positions of influence so that they respond positively to this problem?

Advice: Dr. Chipimo should work out ways to recall retired midwives to tame the high maternal rates in Luapula province.

Margerat Chewe asked if anything has been done to solve the water problem in the Province?

Dr. Chigunta. Zambian government should create a conducive environment for local and foreign investors.

In response to the question on why Luapula Province fails so badly, Dr Chipimo said that the province had one of the best houses in Zambia, the best road network and electricity. But it was doing badly in the context of maternal health. The issue is that we have to solve these problems now by talking about them and that we should

not wait for international development agencies to solve these problems that are more of bedroom issues.

According to Dr. Chigunta, the Ministry of Health would love to employ more medical staff, retain retired midwives but due to HIPC conditionality the MOFNP is not allowing any Ministry to employ. This is a draw back to most efforts being put in place such as MDGs.

Ms Chirwa in adding on what Dr. Chigunata explained on capital provision for development said that UN systems support debt relief not just HIPC. That they support debt relief because it helps reduce interest rates and this would increase capital in the long run. She further said that the UN does not give loans but grants, with no conditions attached, unlike the World Bank and IMF.

According to Dr. Chigunta, Zambians are hard working but they spend most of their energy on activities with low marginal return. People are seen selling sweets in the Streets everyday and one wonders how much money they make after spending the whole day on the street. But when you sit and ask why these small businesses, the reason is that they have no access to capital and other incentives.

Civil society must take up its role as a watch dog in society to bring out all these vices the politicians do.

Questions:

We have all these plans the PRSP, the TNDP, HIPC and MDGs, are we not confusing the implementers in government and also contradicting ourselves?

Question: Is there political will to attain MDGs 2?

Comment: It is not true that Luapula Province has a small share of development agencies, we have a lot. But the problem is people don't want to own the projects. Also people's attitudes should change. We need to change as a Province - we should not refer to projects as their but ours.

Comment: Davison Chinyata UCZ. There is need to fight stigma, to talk about these issues of HIV/AIDS when we have people like this we have to discuss issues going to the point.

Response: The MDGs are a long-term plan and it is in line with the TNDP and the PRSP. The PRSP and the TNDP are vehicles of attaining the MDGs. There is no contradiction at all.

Zambia has put in place a deliberate policy which aims to increase primary education, yes we are on course we can attain goal 2.

However Dr. Chigunta said that HIPC is a crisis we have found ourselves in as a nation. We cannot attain these goals because we want to reach the completion point. Even paying retirees in the Ministry of Education, we had to beg Netherlands to do this for us. This is sad as a nation.

Comment: Dr. Chipimo I agree with Annie, change should emerge within ourselves, we have to re-look at our culture, we have to enhance parental communication and all of us have to lead an exemplary life. We need to discuss these taboos called condoms both for women and men.

7.0 WRAP UP

- Zambia recognizes the challenges of poverty and hence the need to meet the MDG. We need to re-focus our strategies, know where the resources would come from, how we can reorganize ourselves and the roles that each player has to play at all stages.
- On MDGs current status, Zambia has done well on very few issues but the rest need attention.

Goal 5: Improve maternal health –this is still a disaster. There is much needed to be done in this area.

7.1 Summary of Presenters

7.1.2 Mr Elda Chirwa-National Economist United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)

- CSPR is commended for working in constructive partnership with the UNDP
- The MDGs are time bound unlike the previous international Development Goals which were open ended and the power of the MDGs lies in their simplicity
- MDGs represent a global consensus of what needs to be done by when and by whom.
- MDGs are equally important for both northern countries and southern countries.
- Goal 8 is important. For developed countries to contribute to the achievement of MDGs, they ought to attain the 0.7% of their GDP commitment in aid to developing countries.
- Goal 3 On Universal Primary Education, there is optimism that this can be achieved by the year 2015.
- The MDG status report highlights areas that require further attention. There is also need to improve on the budget process. Zambians should use this as a basis for negotiation.
- In Sub Saharan Africa the trend in terms of extreme poverty has worsened and requires new strategies.
- There are several instruments for implementing the MDGs
- There is need for conducive policy environment
- PRSP and TNDP are the operational framework for achieving the MDGS
- On linking MDGs to the PRSP, UNDP is working with Government on this issue.
- MDG Campaign will include the following:
 - Costing will take place in 2004 until early 2005 and would take into account the Medium Term Expenditure Framework (MTEF).
 - Monitoring will be at national level and provincial levels.
- Sensitisation on MDGs is very important and UNDP and MoFNP will work with CSPR to sensitise civil society members.
- Localising will start in September 2004 while financing would require the MoFNP
- Annual MDGs race is also planned for October 2004.
- MDGs are not the responsibility of Government alone. Everybody has a responsibility.
- Civil society organisations should act as social watchdog to achieving MDGs.
- Implementation of civil society's programme should systematically and consciously link MDGs to the use of your own programmes.
- There must be ownership of the MDGs by CSOs in Zambia
- CSOs should exert pressure on political leadership to meet their commitment

- CSOs should provide alternative ways of budgeting
- Mr. Chuma also gave examples on what CSOs in other countries have done in other countries on MDGs sensitization

7.1.3 Dr. Francis Chigunta- Department of Development Studies, University of Zambia

- Has the Zambian Government prioritised expenditure in dealing with poverty?
- PRSP in relation to three issues is crucial. These are: allocation, disbursement and proportion of this allocation as a percentage of the overall national Budget.
- The Budget structure also needs to be reformed.
- Need for all Zambians to prioritise on what government is spending money on.
- What is it that needs to be done to prioritise social spending?
 1. Government needs to lead the way in self-sacrifice such as reducing the size of Cabinet while bold decisions and structural reforms would be necessary to re-orient the budget in a manner that will increase social spending.
 2. Improve the management and utilization of public resources. Leadership by example is important on public resources management.
- Partnership is vital on the issue of conditionalities. When Government slips on agreed benchmarks; the ones who suffer are the poor. Is there a possibility to guarantee that the poor do not get punished for the misdeeds of their Government?
- MDGs are a welcome shift from the usual focus of development thinking on statistics. The challenge is in translating these MDGs into implementable actions.
- Dr. Rancis presented the following scenario:
 1. Economic growth must be broad based and pro-poor. This growth should come from a diversified base and should exceed population growth rate
 2. The performance of the Zambia economy still leaves much to be desired. The current 4.2 percent growth rate should go up to 6 or 8% economic growth to make deference in the poverty situation.
 3. For the economy to grow at that rate we need to make capital investments and reduce both inflation and interest rates to affordable digits.



**CIVIL SOCIETY SENSITIZATION WORKSHOP ON MILLENIUM
DEVELOPMENT GOALS (MDGs)**

**9TH NOVEMBER 2004, MANSA HOTEL
PROGRAMME**

Workshop Facilitator: Mr. Makwaya

08:30-09:00	Registration
09:00-09:20	Welcome and Introductory Remarks Mr. Gijs Koop, UNDP
09:20- 09:35	Official Opening Mr. Mulando, Acting Permanent Secretary- Luapula Province
09:35 - 10:00	MDGs in Zambia and the Role of Civil Society Elda Chirwa, UNDP
10:00- 10:20	How Realistic Are the MDGs For Zambia, Challenges Being Faced in Meeting them and the Way Forward. Dr. Francis Chigunta, University of Zambia
10:20-10:40	Presentation on Maternal Health Dr. Miriam Chipimo, Ministry of Health
10:40 -10:55	TEA BREAK
10:55 - 11: 55	Plenary

11:55 – 12:00	Key points of the workshop & wrap up Mr. Makwaya , Workshop Facilitator
12:00-12:30	Lunch

**CIVIL SOCIETY SENSITIZATION WORKSHOP ON MILLENIUM DEVELOPMENT GOALS (MDGs)
9TH NOVEMBER 2004, MANSA HOTEL, MANSA
ATTENDANCE LIST**

NAME	ORGANISATION	CONTACT	PHYSICAL ADDRESS	E-MAIL ADDRESS
E. Mwame	CSUWZ	Box 710037	Box 710032	NIL
B. Mumba	UCZ Youth	821043		NIL
Francis kanyembo	SWAAZ		Mabumba Agriculture Camp Box 710157	NIL
George Kuamba	SWAAZ	097-867510	Mabumba High School Box 710191	NIL
Ireen Chibeyeye	Organisation for young mothers	Box 710210 Mansa	Allsants Mansa Anglican Church Box 710029	NIL
Charity Bweupe	SWAAZ	097-601535	Box 710156, Plot 195 Mutende S/S	NIL
Alice kapungu	SWAAZ	02-821635	Box 710156, MO!8 Nurse Comp	NIL
Sr. Bweupe Petronella	Catholic Diocese of Mansa	02-821350 097-832108 02-821992	Box 710036, Sisters of Mercy Mansa	aidscoord@zamtel.zm
Gabriel Ngandwe	SWAAZ	097-832108	Box 710036 KAPESHA MANSA	NIL
Mr Mulando	Deputy Permanent	Box 821871		NIL

**CIVIL SOCIETY SENSITIZATION WORKSHOP ON MILLENIUM DEVELOPMENT GOALS (MDGs)
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ATTENDANCE LIST**

	Secretary			
Benedicto N. Chanda	ZRC	02-821575	Box 71046	NIL
Joseph Chanda	Mansa District Farmers Ass.	02-821598 097-480966	Box 710157 Mansa	NIL
Mwelwa Bernaed	Radio Yangeni	02-821465	Box 710036 Mansa	NIL
Mark C. Besa	UCZ	02-821043	Box 710120 Manasa	NIL
Fenard K. Mukamba	UCZ	02-821896	Box 710120 Mansa	NIL
Davison Chinyanta	UCZ	-	Box 7100080 Mansa	NIL
Alice Mulenga Nkandu	ZRC	02-821999	Box 710034 Mansa	NIL
Ruth S.. Semani	Farmers Ass.	02-821517	Box 710010 Mansa	NIL
Martha Moyo	SWAAZ	-	Box 710036 Mansa	NIL
Mapoma Moses Mulenga	CARYM		Box 7200048 Samfya	NIL
Brendah Chinyanta	WOCAFAO Mansa	UCZ Mansa	Box 710120 Mansa	NIL
Agness Kabelu	WOCAFAO Mansa	Mansa Main	Box 710120 Mansa	NIL
Maggie Mambwe	WOCAFAO Mansa	Mansa Main	Box 710120 Mansa	NIL
Getrude Mwansa	WOCAFAO Mansa	Mansa Main	Box 710120 Mansa	NIL
Maggie Chewe	WOCAFAO Mansa	Mansa Main	Box 710120 Mansa	NIL

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ATTENDANCE LIST**

Joyce Miyambo	WOCAFAO Mansa	Mansa Main	Box 710120 Mansa	NIL
Jelina Kantu	WOCAFAO Mansa	Mansa Main	Box 710120 Mansa	NIL
Aggie Kana	SWAAZ	Mansa main	Box 710093	NIL
Ivor Mwansa	CARYM	Mansa Dioceses	Box 720048 Samfya	NIL
Afred Kalumba C.	ZRC	Mansa Branch	Box 710465 Mansa	
Obert Kaoma	Farmers Ass.		Mansa	
Chuma Peter	PPAZ	PPAZ Mansa	Box 710371, Mutende S/S Plot 67 Mansa	Pchuma2001@yahoo.com
Chiluba Mpande	PPAZ	PPAZ Mansa	Box 710371, Mutende S/S Plot 67 Mansa	phyllismpande@yahoo.com
Kawimbe Kelvin	PPAZ	PPAZ Mansa	Box 710371, Mutende S/S Plot 67 Mansa	
Chisenga Jonas	SWAAZ		Box 710001	
Aggie Magayane	SWAAZ	Ministry of Agric.	Box 710072 Mansa	aggiemagayane@yahoo.com
Margie mtonga	DCCW		FIMPULU RHC	
Grace M. Chibwe	CCJP Chimese Parish	097-891081 02-821950	House # A8 Z/Compound Box 710131 Mansa	

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ATTENDANCE LIST**

Stanley M. Kolala	CACCA-TIZ Mansa	02-821193	Box 710234 Mansa	
Edwin Kabwe	Judiciary	02-821277 02-821335	Box 710006 Mansa	
Charity Kasama	DCCW	-	Box 710036 Mansa	
Foster Chinunka	DCCW		Box 710036 Mansa	
Kaindu Baptista	SWAAZ	CSPR Mansa	Box 710036 Mansa	
Cecilia Lufungulo	SWAAZ	CSPR Mansa	Box 710036 mansa	
Mrs E. Musonda	SWAAZ	CSPR Mansa	Box 710547 Mansa	
Fr. Chama Charles	Catholic Church	02-821317	Box 710036 Mansa	mansadiocese@zamtel.zm
Emeldah Kalembe	DCCW		Box 710137 Mansa	
Victoria Kaoma	DCCW		Box 710137 Mansa	
Twaambo Zaal	PPAZ	097-815480	Mansa General Hospital Staff Hostels	
Mary Nkonkosholo	SWAAZ		Box 710096 Manas	
Custom C. Chungu	SWAAZ		Kale Basic School	
Fredrick Bwalya	ZRC	097-866397	ZRC	
Boxen H. Ngosa	CCJP	097-432588	Kapesha Catholic Church	
Henry M. Chansa	CCJP	097-891045	Mansa Catholic cathedral	
Franceis M. Kalusa	CCJP		Mansa Catholic Church	

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ATTENDANCE LIST**

Kelvin Phiri	NAIS	097-449854 02-821866	MACO Box 710072	
C. Chisunka	ZRC	097-729729	Plot 1022 Chembe Road	
Fr. Ignatius Chama	Development department	02-821455	Cathedral Road	developmentoffice@zamtel.zm
Fr. Chibale Frank	Catholic Church	02-821317	Chembe Catholic Box 710036 Mansa	
Chishimba Peter	CCJP	02-821481	Box 710006 Mansa	
Fr. Chansa Oswald	Communication Office	02-821465	Box 710036 Mansa	domcom@zamtel.zm
J.B. Mulemga	ZRC	097-447524	Box 710444 Mansa	
L.K. kapaisa	UCZ	02-821066	Box 710120 Mansa	
FM Chenda	CSUZ	02-821625	Box 710196 Mansa	
Mathew Kolandi	PPAZ	02-821313	Box 71087 Mansa	
Rev. C. Lungu	UCZ	097-838434	Box 710120 mansa	
Paxina Mwansa	SWAAZ	097-701928	Box 710543 Mansa	
Lillian Makasa	SWAAZ	097701928	Box 710543 Mansa	
Fr. Rodrick Kalasa	CARYM	097-892127	Box 710036 Mansa	
Musunga Hellen	PPAZ	097-464463	Box 710416 Mansa	
Emmanuel Mali	CSPR	097-760627	Post Net #302	cspr@zamnet.zm

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ATTENDANCE LIST**

		01-290154	P/B E891 Lusaka	
Lightode Ziwa	UNDP	097-437261	Box 31966 Lusaka	
Kennedy Sinkonde	UNDP	097-437261	Box 31966 Lusaka	
Gabriel Ngandwe	SWAAZ		Box 710036 Mansa	
Yvonne Besa	WOCAFAO	02-821043	Box 710289 mansa	
Peggy Mumba	SWAAZ	097-701928	Box 710543 Mansa	
Kaoma patrick	PPAZ		P/B 2 Mansa	
Fr. Lyoba Bernard	CCJP	097-846584 02-821964	Box 710036 mansa	lyobaban@zamtel.zm
Luckson Daka	CSAWUZ	097-401486	Box 710458 Mansa	
Bridget Mukubi	Anglican Diocese	097-624666	Box 710210 Mansa	
Chimuka Senkwe	SWAAZ		Box 710543 Mansa	
Moreen Mwewa	SWAAZ	02-821123	Box 710543 Mansa	
Fabian Kana	CCJP		Box 710036 mansa	
Maybin N. Chileshe	ZDM		Box 710456 mansa	
Flavia Chinyanta	CSUZ	02-821574 02-821909	Box 710087 Mansa	
Kaluba Lewis	CSUZ	097-638959 02-821289	Ministry of Education (PEO) Box 710196 Mansa	
Loveness Simukonde	CSUZ	02-821982	Box 710070 Mansa	

**CIVIL SOCIETY SENSITIZATION WORKSHOP ON MILLENIUM DEVELOPMENT GOALS (MDGs)
9TH NOVEMBER 2004, MANSA HOTEL, MANSA
ATTENDANCE LIST**

Sr. Maria Domalewsko	Primary education for all Catholic	02-821469	Box 710431 Mansa	afmmansa@zamtel.zm
Mwila Harrison	CSUZ		Box 710093 Mansa	
David C. Kambenja	PPAZ	02-821250	Plot 264 Chimpampwe Road Mansa	
Soneka Lyangenda	PPAZ		Box 710023 Mansa	
Chibwe S. Chimunka	UCZ	02-821866	Box 710093 Mansa	
Elda Chirwa	UNDP	01-250800		
Gijs Koops	UNDP	01-250800		
Gregory Chikwanka	CSPR	01-290154		cspr@zamnet.zm